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NUMBER 177

Who has changed sides, General Hancock or the Confederates? He is now leading the hosts he once tried to repulse and destroy.

If Hancock was right at Gettysburg, who is right now? He couldn't be right in 1863 and in 1880, for his party—the Solid South—says it hasn't changed.

The Democratic party attempted the feat of wiping out its past record by the skillful nomination of a Union general. A leopard, however, can not change its spots.

Who is right and who was wrong? In 1863, General Hancock fought to keep the Confederates from carrying Pennsylvania. In 1880 he is fighting with the Confederates in order that they may carry it.

There are nineteen chances out of twenty that whichever party carries New York will carry the election. Senator Conkling, who must be acknowledged as pretty good authority as to the outlook in that State, says he is confident that the Republicans will gain the State in November.

The question is, is it the part of common prudence and common wisdom to put the government in the hands of men who so lately sought to destroy it? or in other words, should those who rebelled and fought against the government, now rule the country, or should the men who were loyal and fought to defend it, continue in power?

Does any one doubt that the triumph of the Democratic party at the coming election would be a virtual triumph of the cause, and the ideas of the Solid South? Wade Hampton and Ben Hill, Lamar and Massacre Butler, would have as much to say about running the government, as if either one of them was elected to the Presidency.

There is no Democrat who supports Hancock who will admit that the Democratic party has changed since 1861, when it inaugurated a war to destroy the government. If the party is the same now as then, why vote to put it in power, when it cost hundreds of thousands of lives and six billions of money to keep the same party from making a general wreck of the Union?

Do the Democrats of the North, and especially those who were loyal enough to go into the war to fight for their country, glory in the fact in 1880, that the main support of the Democracy are the Confederate forces? Do they point with pride to the fact that all the ex-slave States and the men who still claim that the principles of Lee and Jackson, are not lost in this country, are the ones who expect to elect Hancock? Do they find pleasure in the thought that a Solid South with all its ignorance, rebellious spirit, and defiance of law, disregard for justice, is seeking to control the government? Do they cheer over the solemn fact that the Democratic party can only succeed by the shot-guns policy to disfranchise the Republican vote of the South.

To still further perplex the mind of the Democratic investigators, Senator Windom, on the floor of the Senate, challenged the Democratic Senators to name a single Republican officer whom the thirty-three Democratic committees had proved to have stolen one dollar of the public money. What did the Democratic Senators say to this? They hung their heads and were silent.

The party which has stolen so much,

which has never failed to improve a chance to steal when it was in power, now seeks to regain that lost power, and to defeat the Republican party, a party which for economy, faithfulness, and grand deeds, has never had its equal in the history of the government.

JUST WHERE THEY WERE MISTAKEN.

Very soon after the Democrats obtained possession of the House of Representatives, they began a series of investigations into the expenditures of the government. They had for so many years raised a prodigious clamor over the extravagance and corruption of the Republican administration of the government that it was quite possible that some of them actually believed their own assertions. Then, too, many who joined in the cry of "corruption" were old Democrats who had their criminal share in the misdeeds of previous Democratic administrations, when the disbursements of the government were insignificant compared with those of later years under Republican rule. These Democrats were so accustomed to plundering in old Democratic days, that they did not for a moment suppose the Republicans would fail to do the same thing when they had an opportunity. They thought if the Democrats would steal at every chance, the Republicans, who had excellent opportunities to reap rich harvests of plunder, would not be behind the good old Democratic custom. They could not believe it was possible for a party not to steal when it was in power, and therefore they supposed the Republicans had furnished them a rich mine for investigation.

There was a broad grin over the countenance of the Democratic party when it began to investigate into this Republican "corruption." So they set thirty-three committees to work in this political mine. They were all composed of Congressmen, and to prevent any mistake, a majority on each committee were Democrats. With these thirty-three Democratic investigating committees, and with the Republican party for investigation, the Democrats expected rich returns.

Well, up to the latter part of 1879, only about a year ago, the committee had expended \$500,000, and what did they find? They could not find a single Republican officer who had been engaged in the Democratic custom of stealing! These Democratic committees did not convict a single Republican of stealing even a dollar from the government! To be sure the Democrats thought this was marvelously strange. They couldn't understand why the Republicans didn't improve the opportunities to do some stealing after the fashion of the Democrats when they were in power.

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THE CAMPAIGN.

Senator Conkling Creates Great Enthusiasm Among the Buckeyes.

Great Preparations for the Republican Meeting in New York.

The Bone of Contention Between the Democratic Faction in the Great City.

Ohioanowoc Republicans Waking Up and Going to Work.

A Grand Republican Mass Meeting at Sparta.

The Milwaukee Greenbackers Set Up a Candidate for Congress.

The Presidential Party in the Sights in Oregon.

An Interesting Item Relating to National Finances.

The Rapid Rise in Pork in New York.

Archbishop Henni Again Reported as Dangerously Ill and Failing.

Other Interesting State and Miscellaneous News Items.

SENATOR CONKLING.

His Journey from Cleveland to Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, October 1.—Senator Conkling left Cleveland at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon by the Bee Line, and arrived here about half an hour after midnight. He traveled in a special car provided by President Devereaux, and attached to the rear end of the train, and was unattended save by a friend from the East, who has been with him since the commencement of the present trip. The journey down was destitute of anything like interest. Mr. Conkling has not been, and is not feeling, at all well, his malady trouble having given him considerable annoyance during the past few days, so much so last night, indeed, that he slept, but very little, and was not, therefore, in prime condition for traveling. The result was that he lay down during a goodly portion of the trip, and attempted to get all the rest possible. The crowds encountered now and then at some of the larger towns along the route did not like it much, but they had to accept so good an excuse as ill-health, and respect it, too, although the failure to see the distinguished son of New York, except through the car windows, was evidently a great disappointment. At Dayton the car was boarded by Lieutenant-Governor Hickel, Major Col. L. M. Myron, William Henry Davis, George W. Jones, Henry Kessler, L. N. Maxwell, Dr. Austin Wilson, a committee from the city appointed to meet the Senator and escort him here. On arriving some two hours late, Senator Conkling was driven to the Gibson house, where he will remain during his stay here. The arrangements for to-night a monster torchlight procession and a meeting at the Highland house, where the Senator is to speak, promise one of the largest, most enthusiastic, and imposing political demonstrations ever held in Cincinnati or indeed in the State.

SUPPOSING A CASE.

The grand principles that underlie the Republican movement are loyalty to the flag, upholding public honor, a currency which cannot defraud nor change in value, and a liberal protection to the industries of this country. These have always been the principles of the Republican party; and in all the history of political organizations, in any country or any age, there cannot be named one which has done so much for national honor, for human liberty, for the cause of intelligence, for the development of the country, for the home, and for the working man, as the Republican party. This is why we have no slaves in the United States today. This is why the Union has not been broken. This is why we have the best currency and the safest and the wisest banking system ever devised by man. This is why the country is enjoying so much of prosperity.

But suppose a case. Suppose the Democratic party had been successful during the rebellion? Suppose the Republican party had joined the Democrats in the declaration that the war was a failure, what would have been the consequences?

Suppose the Democratic idea of State rights had prevailed, and the country had been divided, and slavery perpetuated, would that have been better than a united land and a free country?

Suppose the Republican party had not defended the credit of the nation, but had joined the Democratic party in 1858, in their scheme to repudiate the obligations of the government, and pay all the debt in greenbacks, what would have been the effect upon the business of the country?

Suppose the Democratic scheme in 1876 to defeat resumption and to issue fools of irredeemable paper, how would that have affected business, and especially the laboring man?

Suppose the attempt of Mr. Tilden to purchase the office of President—an attempt endorsed by the Democratic party of the United States—had succeeded, is there anything on earth that could have wiped out the disgrace?

Suppose Hancock is elected, and the entire control of the government placed in the hands of the Southern leaders, what will be the result? Would that be better than to keep the government in the hands of its defenders?

Suppose, for instance, that the Confederates march into power under the banner of Hancock, what will become of the rebel claims? Who will protect the innocent and defenseless Republican blacks in the South? What will become

NEW YORK.

Preparations for the Republican Meeting—The Democratic Faction.

NEW YORK, Sept. 30.—The Republican National Executive Committee has issued a call for a meeting to take place at the Fifth Avenue hotel in this city on October 14. This will be the last meeting of the Committee prior to the election. Gen. Grant is expected to be present, and invitations will be issued to prominent Republicans throughout the country to participate.

The Garfield and Arthur club of the Central Committee are actively at work completing arrangements for the parade of the Boys in Blue, which will take place in honor of General Grant when he arrives in this city. A large number of companies outside the city will participate in the display.

The city of New York has been divided into 678 election districts, and the registration of voters will begin on Tuesday Oct. 5th.

Notwithstanding the apparent harmony of the two wings of the Democratic party of this city, the affairs of that organization are in an extremely critical condition.

A prominent Irving Hall Democrat stated the situation pretty clearly from his stand-point when he said: "We propose to demand the right to name the Mayor, and will not accept a union with Tammany Hall on any other terms. John Kelly will not have the naming of the Mayor. Irving Hall has conceded all it will on other points, but on this point we intend to remain firm and demand what we fully believe to be our rights.

Suppose, for instance, that the Confederates march into power under the banner of Hancock, what will become of the rebel claims? Who will protect the innocent and defenseless Republican blacks in the South? What will become

of the election laws in the South? What will become of our banks and our currency?

These are some of the mighty questions which must be answered in this canvass, and they are put to fair-minded and sensible men for answers. The great issue is not which party shall have the offices, but which principles, those of the North or the South shall govern in this Nation?

A BLAINE SPEECH.

The Maine Senator Delivers a Great Speech at Newark, New Jersey. How He Pictures the Danger of a Change—The Evils Which Will Follow a Bourbon Victory—Painful for Sensible Men to Hear and Read.

The following is the closing part of Senator Blaine's great speech at Newark, last week:

I will tell you another thing that will happen if Hancock is elected. We are going to have a thorough overhauling of the whole revenue and financial system of the United States. I suppose you would not like a man in Newark if he said something in favor of the doctrine of protection. [Applause and cheers.] If any man will look back over the history of the last 20 years and see what has been done in this splendid city of Newark, in your great and prosperous State, and all

at its best Tammany cannot poll more than 45,000 votes, and the Republicans will cast about 60,000. I cannot say what will be done at the conference to-morrow, but I do not know that Irving Hall demands this as a right, because it controls the larger part of the Democratic vote of this city. In Presidential elections 75 per cent is opposed to the rule of Tammany Hall.

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THE GAZETTE.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 1, 1880.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

Election Tuesday, November 2d, 1880.

FOR PRESIDENT,
JAMES A. GARFIELD,
OF OHIO.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
CHESTER A. ARTHUR,
OF NEW YORK.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.

At Large
(KNICKERBOCKER)
1st District—LUCAS S. BLAKE.
2d District—JOHN KELLOGG.
3d District—CHARLES J. CHERNICK.
4th District—WILLIAM P. MCLAREN.
5th District—CHARLES P. LOVELL.
6th District—EDWARD BROWNE.
7th District—FREDERICK C. KRIS.
8th District—JOHN P. KINSTON.

CONGRESSIONAL.

First District—CHARLES G. WILLIAMS.
Second District—L. B. CASWELL.
Third District—GEORGE C. HAZELTON.
Fourth District—CASPER M. SANGER.
Fifth District—ELIJAH COLEMAN.
Sixth District—RICHARD GUNTHER.
Seventh District—H. L. HUMPHREY.
Eighth District—THAD. C. POUND.

STATE SENATE.

HAMILTON RICHARDSON, of Janesville.

Third District—JAMES MENZIES, of Harmony.

COUNTY TICKET.

For Sheriff—
H. L. SKAVLEM, of Newark.
For Register of Deeds—
C. L. VALENTINE, of Janesville.
For County Treasurer—
WILLIS MILLS, Town of Janesville.
For County Clerk—
S. MORGAN, of Lima.
For District Attorney—
JOHN W. SALE, of Janesville.
For Clerk of the Court—
A. W. BALDWIN, of Milton.
For Surveyor—
R. K. LEE, of Janesville.
For Coroner—
O. ALLEN, of Milton.

ASSEMBLY CONVENTIONS.

FIRST DISTRICT.
The Republican Convention of the First Assembly District, will be held at Footville Hall, Footville, Saturday, October 9th, 1880, at 11 o'clock a.m., to nominate a candidate for Member of Assembly.

I. A. HOXIE,
H. F. HOBERT,
HENRY AUSTIN,
Committee.

“HOME SWEET HOME.”

A Midshipman's Story of Musical Sea
Fifty Years Ago.

FIFTY years ago was a midshipman in the United States Navy; and I have memories of the service, one of which I will relate.

I sailed from New York on the 4th of February, 1829, on the sloop-of-war Hornet, a beautiful ship, which might have served as the original of the low, rakish craft described by Cooper in “The Pirate.” I was detached from her on the 4th of July of that year, and sixty-eight days afterward she went down in the Gulf of Mexico, with all on board, and no vestige of her was ever afterward seen by mortal eyes.

On one of the delicious afternoons of February peculiar to tropical climes, as the sun was nearing the western horizon, the Hornet lay becalmed on the south side of Cuba. The sea was uncommonly smooth, imparting hardly sufficient motion to the ship to disturb the sails as they hung loose against the masts. I had not before so fully realized the mirror-like sheen of the unripped bosom of the sea; but now it came home to me, and I felt that there was sublimity even in the repose of the “vast deep.” I could not gaze on it without being reminded, by contrast, of the tempests that anon sweep over it; and thus was its stillness associated with its commotion, its quiet with its awful power. The sun was setting.

Not as in Northern climes, obscurely bright; But one unclouded blaze of living light.

The whole sea, to the westward, was like liquid gold; and the sky, far up, glowed as if on fire. The rays penetrating the water seemed gilded cords binding the waves in peace.

A few of the officers were on the forecastle, viewing the scene and conversing. With sailor-like versatility they passed from topic to topic, dwelling long on none, till, as the shades of the brief twilight fell around, their feelings seemed to change in accord with it, and grave themes were touched. Suddenly the glories of the departing day were extinguished by the pall of night thick-set with stars; but almost as suddenly the light of the sun was succeeded from the opposite horizon, by a stream of silver light from the full moon in a cloudless sky. Then it was that memories came to all. Fathers thought tenderly of far-distant families; brothers recalled loved sisters; sons felt softened by recollections of maternal affection; and perhaps some young lover's heart beat quicker at the thought that she, a thousand miles away, whose eyes were life to him, might at that moment be gazing at the moon, and fancying that he, too, were at the same moment fixed upon it. For a time few words were spoken. All felt that silence was welcome. Each retired to the recesses of that sanctuary where the heart holds undisputed sway, too sacred to be disturbed. I do not recall a time when the deck of the Hornet and the sea and the air were so utterly soundless.

Suddenly, but gently, from the midst of a knot of sailors sitting on the deck, a clear, melodious voice sang the first line of “Home, sweet home.” As the words “Mild pleasures and palaces” swelled upon the air, a single exclamation of pleasure escaped some of the hearers, but before the line was finished they hushed into silence again. We had all often heard the song, but never had it seemed to come so welcome, so thrillingly as then. Had it been sung by even an ordinary performer, the effect would, at that moment, have been great; but, breathed as it was, with a fervor and feeling I do not remember to have known, swelled, in a voice full, manly, sympathetic, and evidently cultivated, it swept the chords of every heart. As the singer proceeded, men and officers silently gathered near him. The sturdy seaman seated himself by the side of his officers, and listened with subdued attention. The man whose locks were whitened by years, perhaps by worse, equally with the boy whose features were unmarked by the furrows of time, seemed to drink in the beautiful words as a life-giving draught.

How magical is music at such an hour! It comes to the heart like sunshine, dispelling gathered mists, and awaking high aspirations. The whole man is elevated, and he seeks in thought

to commune with higher and holier intelligences. Such were the feelings of that listening group, when the singer, at the close of the first stanza, eloquently burst forth with:

There's no place like home. Motion was visible in all. A slight tremor in his voice showed that he felt the words; and, when he concluded them, his pause was prolonged, and a deep sigh escaped him. When he recommended, “An exile from home,” the agitation of those around him was merged in attention, but his increased. His face was slightly averted, and the rays of the moon, as they fell upon it, and glistened in a tear that trickled down his rugged cheek, gave additional effect to the expression, evidently of pain, which his features bore.

He was, indeed, as I had learned, “an exile from home”—though from what cause I never discovered—and the smothered feeling of years was loosed, and found unrestrained expression. He continued. As the song drew to a close his emotion grew, with that of every one who listened. At length, as the line,

There's no place like home

rose on the stillness the last time, a rush of emotion was evident in all, which in many showed itself in tears. The man who from boyhood had braved ocean's perils; and he who, an outcast, knew no home; and he of turbid passions and unholy deeds, equally with the high-minded, the virtuous, and the pious, gave tribute of thanks to him who had so well timed and so feelingly sung one of the most grateful songs that ever greets a sailor's ear at sea.—*Hor. C. C. Drake, in Interior.*

PITH AND POINT.

A WILLIAMSPORT man stumbled and fell down five flights of stairs, and when he landed at the bottom, instead of calling for a nurse, he looked at his feet a moment, and then said: “Well, I hope you haven't any more objections to carrying my body about.”—*Oil City Derrick.*

“In India there are ‘Ashtavadhanis.’ They are persons who can think of eight separate and distinct subjects at one time,” says the New Haven *Register*, “but if one of them accidentally sat on a hot stove-cover, we'll bet the other seven things would go out of his mind quicker than he'd rise up.”

“Why don't he come when the moon is full?” is the first line of a sentimental poem. We can only conceive two substantial reasons why he don't. The first is that probably it is not his desire, and secondly, it is possible that he is in the same condition the moon is.—*Oswego Record.*

A WATCH-POD is a noble creature. A citizen of a Berkshire town bought one recently and the first night he had the animal it led him a two mile chase after the clergyman, who was attacked while coming in to call; and while they were away, three tramps cleaned out the old man's hen-roost.—*Boston Post.*

“Here, John, don't eat those crackers up.” “They're some I saved on purpose.” “To put in the baby's pap.”

“We said, ‘Well, closing the door, And who's this?—It's the old man, And what makes you so cross about it, then? Ain't it the baby's pap?’”—*Keokuk Constitution.*

IN accidents wild he sang: “It's bound to come, the nightingale.”

“Three little hoppers to the left, Then he should sing o'er hill and dale, I love you, etc.”

But she blandly reminded him, “You can't teach him, John; it's no use to try, but you could give a cow a lesson that would make him ashamed of himself.” And then she added that though birds that can sing and won't sing, should be made to sing, birds that can't sing and will sing should be made to sing.—*N. O. Picayune.*

MANY kind-hearted people will regret to know that there is something the matter with our old friend Jupiter. Jupi has been ailing for some time. He is now working his way towards the sun, which is very unfortunate for the massive planet at this season of the year. But the trouble is a spot that came on the surface of that planet about a year ago and will not “out.” This spot has puzzled Jupiter's family physicians, and is now causing the gravest anxiety to his friends. This little spot is only 20,000 miles in diameter and is red in color. Early history neglects to state whether Jupiter ever had the measles or not. There is a strong probability that this may be the unfortunate planet's first experience with the disease. On account of its age and size it may go hard with our voluminous friend.—*Detroit Free Press's Astronomer.*

A few of the officers were on the forecastle, viewing the scene and conversing. With sailor-like versatility they passed from topic to topic, dwelling long on none, till, as the shades of the brief twilight fell around, their feelings seemed to change in accord with it, and grave themes were touched. Suddenly the glories of the departing day were extinguished by the pall of night thick-set with stars; but almost as suddenly the light of the sun was succeeded from the opposite horizon, by a stream of silver light from the full moon in a cloudless sky. Then it was that memories came to all. Fathers thought tenderly of far-distant families; brothers recalled loved sisters; sons felt softened by recollections of maternal affection; and perhaps some young lover's heart beat quicker at the thought that she, a thousand miles away, whose eyes were life to him, might at that moment be gazing at the moon, and fancying that he, too, were at the same moment fixed upon it. For a time few words were spoken. All felt that silence was welcome. Each retired to the recesses of that sanctuary where the heart holds undisputed sway, too sacred to be disturbed. I do not recall a time when the deck of the Hornet and the sea and the air were so utterly soundless.

The prothagiograph is a new automatic device for tracing the profile of a road or district. It consists essentially of a two-wheeled carriage having suspended from the body between the wheels a heavy pendulum, free to swing in a line with the direction in which the carriage moves. As the carriage is drawn by a horse over the ground, the pendulum maintains a vertical position, whether moving on a level or up or down hill. The upper end of the pendulum, above the point of support, carries a pencil that touches a ribbon of paper moved by clockwork or by the movement of the wheels of the carriage, and, as long as the carriage is moving, makes a trace on the paper that is, as may be readily seen, a profile of the country passed over by the machine. At the same time one of the wheels, by a simple pedometric device, gives the distance traversed and makes a scale for comparison with the profile trace, to show the relations of the two measures of height and distance passed over by the machine.—*Scribner.*

In France farina is largely used for culinary purposes. The famed gravies, sauces, and soups of France are largely indebted for their excellence to that source, and its bread and pastry equally so, while a great deal of the so-called cognac, imported into England from France, is the product of the potato. Throughout Germany the same uses are common. In Poland the manufacture of spirits from the potato is a most extensive trade. “Stettin brandy,” well known in commerce, is largely imported into England, and is sent from thence to many of her foreign possessions as the produce of the grape, and is placed on many a table of England as the same, while the fair ladies of our country perfume themselves with the spirit of potato, under the designation *cau de Cologne*. But there are other uses which this esculent is turned to abroad. After extracting the farina the pulp is manufactured into ornamental articles, such as picture frames, snuff-boxes, and several descriptions of toys, and the water that runs from it in the process of manufacture is a most valuable scourer. For perfectly cleansing woolens and such like articles, it is the housewife's panacea, and if the washerwoman happens to have chilblains she becomes cured by the operation.

“Cracker” inhabitants who live on the Gulf coast of Florida are in the day time almost constantly in the water, fishing and oyster catching, and it is not uncommon to see barnacles growing on their legs.

How magical is music at such an hour! It comes to the heart like sunshine, dispelling gathered mists, and awaking high aspirations. The whole man is elevated, and he seeks in thought

MISCELLANEOUS.

Collins' Cherry Cough Cure.

APPRENTICE & EVANSON,
DRUGGISTS & CHEMISTS,
OPPOSITE POST OFFICE,
JANESVILLE, WIS.

Peruvian Wine of Iron.

APPRENTICE & EVANSON,
DRUGGISTS & CHEMISTS,
OPPOSITE POST OFFICE,
JANESVILLE, WIS.

Rosaline Cologne, Rosaline Jelly.

APPRENTICE & EVANSON,
DRUGGISTS & CHEMISTS,
OPPOSITE POST OFFICE,
JANESVILLE, WIS.

The Prentice Tooth Powd'r.

APPRENTICE & EVANSON,
DRUGGISTS & CHEMISTS,
OPPOSITE POST OFFICE,
JANESVILLE, WIS.

The Tolu Throat Tablets.

APPRENTICE & EVANSON,
DRUGGISTS & CHEMISTS,
OPPOSITE POST OFFICE,
JANESVILLE, WIS.

Quinine Hair Vigor.

APPRENTICE & EVANSON,
DRUGGISTS & CHEMISTS,
OPPOSITE POST OFFICE,
JANESVILLE, WIS.

Fragrant Cream of Roses.

DR. V. CLARENCE PRICE

Visited Janesville

EIGHTEEN YEARS.

Has met with unparalleled success in the treat-

ment of all

CHRONIC DISEASES!

OF THE

Throat, Lungs, Heart,

Stomach, Liver.

Head, nerves, Kidneys, bladder, womb, and

blood affections of the urinary organs, gravel,

asthma, pleurisy, catarrh, asthma, bronchitis,

diabetes, rheumatism, etc.

DR. PRICE'S REPUTATION:

Has been acquired by sound, honest dealing

and a record of successful practice.

He practices in Janesville, but, found

ed on the laws of Nature, with years of exper-

ience and evidence to sustain it, does not fear

to make sick to make well; no harsh treat-

ment, no violent remedies, no quackery, no

and the remedy need no guess work, but know ledge gained by years of experience in

the field of practice, and the results of

the treatment.

DR. V. CLARENCE PRICE

Can be consulted at JANEVILLE, MYERS

Hall, Saturday eve 3rd of October, 1880.

Patients will add 10¢ to Dr. V.

Price, Janesville, Ill., with stamp,

and postpaid.

DR. R. A. NEWMAN,

Dental Surgeon,

Office in Smith & Jackson's block, over Rock

County National Bank, Janesville, Wis.

Practices in all his branches. Administrates

nitrous oxide gas for the painless extraction of

teeth.

DR. B. T. SANBORN,

Physician and Surgeon

Office open and calls attended to day and night.

Opposite Post Office, over Cook's Jewelry Store.

J. H. CASSIDAY.

DR. F. CARPENTER

Cassoday & Carpenter

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

Office corner Main and Milwaukee streets, in

Lappin's Block, JANEVILLE, WIS.

JANESVILLE BUSINESS DIRECTORY!

GAS AND STEAM FITTING.

GEO. T. PRICHARD & CO.
No. 27, MYERS HOUSE BLOCK, JANESVILLE

Gas, Steam and Water Pipe Fitting, Dealers in Pump and Cylinder Gas Fixtures, Pipe, Hoses, Hoses, and all kinds of Hardware for Gas and Water Works. All work in the above line done on reasonable terms. *ang2dawly*

PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS

G. O. SUTHERLAND, M. D.

Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon, Office and Residence No. 3 Franklin Street, (Opposite Corn Exchange.)

HOURS: 7 to 9 A. M. 12 to 2 P. M. and 5 to 7 P. M.

MYERS HOUSE LIVERY.

C. W. JACKMAN, Proprietor, EAST MILWAUKEE ST. — JANESVILLE, Myers' New Barn, Horse and Carriages for Funerals a Specialty.

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTING.

HOTEL & KENT, House, Sign & Ornamental Painters.

Frances, Painting and Paper Hanging, etc. Refers by permission to Messrs. Wm. Cannon, David Jeffries, B. F. Crossett, Frank Cook, Dr. Geo. H. McCauley, and E. V. Whittier, who have had Dutton's grocery, West Milwaukee Street. Leave orders with E. V. Whittier & Co. *ang2dawly*

H. H. BLANCHARD'S

Law, Collection, Rent Estate and Loan Office.

Regular Office Hours 9 A. M. to 12 M. & 1 P. M. to 4 P. M. Wanted for collection, small debts, little accounts and judgments considered good, and an indifferent, and for foreclosure all mortgages due and past due at his office, on Main Street, over M. C. Smith & Son's Clothing Store, Janesville, Wisconsin. All debts will be paid in full, his care will be promptly attended to and satisfaction guaranteed.

INSURANCE.

JOHN G. Saxe

Represents Sixteen of the Substantial Fire Insurance Companies of Europe and the United States.

Also Agent for the China and the Mutual Fire Protection Association of Wisconsin, the most reliable Fire Protection Association in the West, farms in Rock County and elsewhere to exchange for city property, and money to loan.

HARNESS, BLINKETS, Etc.

W. M. SADDLER, EAST MILWAUKEE ST. — JANESVILLE, Manufacturer and Dealer in Ladies' Hair Nets and all kinds of Hairdressing Goods.

FURNITURE.

M. HANSON & CO., N. THE RACE, — JANESVILLE, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Fine Furniture, and Bed-room Sets.

Down to hand pan prices. Upholding done at lowest living rates. For genuine bargains, good goods, and fair dealing, call at their ware-rooms.

HOSTETTER'S

CELEBRATED

BITTERS

The accumulated evidence of nearly thirty years show that the Bitters is a certain remedy for malarial disease, as well as its surest preventive, the greatest dyspepsia, the commonest liver complaint, and the best remedy for rheumatism, gout, rheumatic, neuralgic and uterine disorders, that imparts vigor to the body, cheers the mind, while it invigorates the body. *ang2dawly*

For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.

MANHOOD RESTORED!

A victim of early impotence, causing nervous debility, premature decay, etc., having tried in vain every known remedy, has discovered a simple means of recovery, which will send him to the top of the list of his former suitors—*ang2dawly*

HUMPHREY'S HOMEOPATHIC

SPECIFIC NO. 22

For the cure of Impotence, Premature Decay, etc.

Address H. C. Humphreys, 179 Fulton St., N. Y.

or adwly.

NERVOUS DEBILITY

With Worms and Insanity, the best remedy for worms, and the best remedy for insanity.

HUMPHREY'S HOMEOPATHIC

SPECIFIC NO. 22

For the cure of Impotence, Premature Decay, etc.

Address H. C. Humphreys, 179 Fulton St., N. Y.

or adwly.

DEMENTED FEMALES

prescribed by hermaphrodites, the state of nature and natural or physical exertion, and the greatest relief in the use of DAY'S RIDDEN

YARD, which cures the disease and restores the power of health.

PAIN IN THE BACK.

Wherever physical and mental exertion, with the exception of the use of the spinal column, may be

caused by the exertion of the muscles.

DAY'S RIDDEN YARD, which cures the disease and restores the power of health.

YODING YARD.

restoring natural health, the state of nature and natural or physical exertion, and the greatest relief in the use of DAY'S RIDDEN

YARD, which cures the disease and restores the power of health.

CAUTION.

Do not seek a doctor, the afflicted to

warn of the disease.

DAY'S RIDDEN YARD is the only agent in Rock county for Day's Kidney Pad.

DR. MOYE'S

YODING YARD

restoring natural health, the state of nature and natural or physical exertion, and the greatest relief in the use of DAY'S RIDDEN

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Do

THE GAZETTE.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 1, 1880.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING EXCEPT

SUNDAY, AT \$7.00 PER YEAR.

THE GAZETTE PRINTING COMPANY.

OFFICE ON NORTH MAIN STREET,

JANESVILLE, - - WISCONSIN.

THE CITY

NOTICES FOR THIS COLUMN WILL BE CHARGED
FOR AT TEN CENTS PER LINE, FIRST INSERTION
AND SIX CENTS FOR EACH SUBSEQUENT INSERTION
IN DAILY, DAILY AND WEEKLY TWENTY CENTS
FIRST, AND TWELVE CENTS EACH SUBSEQUENT IN-
SERTION.

FRESH oysters cheap at Vankirk's.

WRITING PAPER AND ENVELOPES.—Mer-
chants, Farmers, and all others, can save
money by purchasing their paper by the
package, and envelopes by the box, at
Sutherland's Bookstore.

THE best 5 cent cigars in Janesville at
Vankirk's.

FOR SALE—At the Gazette counting
room a velocipede scroll saw, price very
low.

FOR SALE—One set of Howe's cele-
brated sliding poise, platform scales, just re-
ceived from the manufacturers, can be
seen at the GAZETTE counting room.

WE have a beautiful iron chair for lawn
or cemetery lots. Will sell cheap, at the
GAZETTE counting room.

The best that the market affords is
what you always get at the Grand Cen-
tral Hotel, 667 Broadway, New York City,
and at the low price of \$3.00 per day.
Don't forget this when you visit Gotham.

You can get one set of Victor Platform
Scales, new, at GAZETTE counting room
at a bargain. Call and see them.

FOR SALE—A new Mosler, Balmann
& Co. safe, weighing eleven hundred
pounds, can be seen at GAZETTE count-
ing room.

FOR SALE—One of the celebrated Im-
proved Howe sewing machines, new and
in perfect running order, price low, at
the GAZETTE counting room.

Happy Clergymen.

Rev. F. E. Ganis, Galena, Ill. "I have
been a great sufferer from Kidney disease
and after being told by my doctors that
I could not get well, I commenced to use
Day's Kidney Pad, which has now com-
pletely cured me. I am strong and
again look the very picture of health.
May all sufferers be helped as I have
been, is my earnest wish."

LOCAL MATTER.

Ladies' and Gent's Stationery.
For a good sample of Writing Paper, Envelopes, Pens, Ink, &c., at reasonable prices, call at Sutherland's Bookstore.

Over 150 Howe Scales sold. Borden, Sel-
leck & Co., Agents, Chicago, Ill.
sellechawco.com

Go to A. J. Roberts for Mrs. Freeman's New
National Dyes. For brightness and durability of
color are unequalled. Color from 2 to 5 pounds,
Price, 15 cents. jidawly

The Voltaic Belt Co., Marshall, Mich.
Will send their celebrated Electro-Voltaic
Belts to the afflicted upon 30 days trial. Speedy
cures guaranteed. They mean what they say.
Write to them without delay. mvidawly

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and
irregularities of youth, nervous weakness, early
decay of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe
that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This
great remedy was discovered by a missionary in
South America. Send a self-addressed envelope
to the Rev. Jospeh T. INMAN, Station D, New
York City. jant2dawly

Sodzont and Bismarck.

Looking at Bismarck one would not suppose
that he sways such almost omnipotence. He is
calm and cheerful, wary and watching. SOZO-
DON! don't look different from other preparations.
But it never fails in what it undertakes.

Calm and agreeable, it is death to parasites
which attack the teeth. jidawly

Why is Bismarck like SPALDING'S GLUE? He
sticks and holds on forever. sp27dawly

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!

Are you disturbed at night and broken of your
rest by a sick child suffering and crying with
the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go
at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S
SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor
little sufferer immediately—dearly upon its
there is no mistake about it. There is not a
mother on earth who has ever used it, who will
not tell you at once that it will regulate the
bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief
to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly
safe to use in all cases, and the prescription of one
of the oldest and best female physicians and
nurses in the United States. Sold everywhere. 25
cents a bottle.

Coughs.

"Brown's Bronchial Troches" are used with
advantage to alleviate Coughs, Sore Throat,
Hoarseness and Bronchial Affections. For
thirty years these Troches have been in use,
with annually increasing favor. They are not
new and untried, but having been tested by
wide and constant use for nearly an entire genera-
tion, they have attained well-merited rank
among the few staple remedies of the age.

The THER.—"Brown's Bronchial Troches"
act directly on the organs of the voice. They
have an extraordinary effect in all disorders of
the Throat and Larynx, restoring a healthy tone
when relaxed, either from cold or over-exertion
of the voice, and produce a clear and distinct
enunciation. Speakers and Singers find the
Troches useful.

A COTON, COLD, CATARRH or Sore Throat re-
quires immediate attention, as neglect often-
times results in some incurable disease.
"Brown's Bronchial Troches" will almost instant-
aneously relieve. Injections are offred for
sale, many of which are injurious. The genuine
"Brown's Bronchial Troches" are sold only in
boxes.

HEADQUARTERS

FOR FINE

CIGARS!

IMPORTED

KEY WEST!

FINE HAVANA!

AND DOMESTIC

CIGARS!

The largest and finest stock west of Chicago.
Some of the finest brands from the factories of
Cohn & Co., of Chicago. Five, ten and fifteen
cents each. Also five and ten cent cigars from
Key West Factory, and imported Cigars twenty
cents each.

JAMES S. CLARK, O. P. O.

sep2dawly

BRIEFLETS.

—October is here.
—Temple of Honor to-night.
—The year has commenced to spend
its last quarter.

—The Ancient Order of United Work-
men meet to-night.
—At the special request of the Rev
W. H. Throop, rector of St. James' church,
Milwaukee, the Rev. A. L. Roye will
exchange with him, next Sunday.

—John Sheeley, half drunk, half crazy,
was giving a good many street speeches
last evening and had to be led down to
jail to cool off. He will stay there five
days longer.

—John Arthur of the town of Rock,
and living near this city, was so disre-
ct to fire a brick at a workman on the
railroad last July, and has managed to
elude the officers until yesterday afternoon,
when he appeared before Justice of
Peace, pleaded guilty to assault, and was
fined \$5 and costs, which he paid.

—Jackman's horse has been completely
rejuvenated and by the skill of J. B.
LaGrange, has been repainted in a man-
ner which makes it as fine a horse as
can be seen in any city. It has been im-
proved greatly in appearance, and as it
now stands, there is no more elegant or
better one to be found anywhere. Jack-
man seems set on having the very best of
everything in his line.

—The civil strife has opened up again
in Black Hawk. Tom Rooney had Brid-
get Farrel arrested for stealing twenty-
five sticks of wood of the value of twenty-
five cents. Bridget was fined \$2 and costs,
and not having the money to pay it, asked
Rooney for the money he owed her for
turkeys. Rooney was about to pay her,
when a plausible excuse as to whether the
turkey claim were due in November or now,
he wouldn't pay her, for he knew it
wasn't due. He would lend her the
money, though, but she wouldn't be under
any obligations to him, and so went
out on the street to borrow it. Now
Rooney claims that Bridget still keeps
up the practice of picking up wood on
his place, in spite of his orders to the
contrary, and has got out a summons for
trespass.

Best Accommodations for least money,
Astor House, New York.

OAK HILL CEMETERY

The following are the interments in
Oak Hill cemetery during the month of
September:

September 4th Mrs. Maria Bluff, Janesville,
aged 51 years.

September 5th Chester Clark, Harmony, aged
82 years.

September 21st Mrs. D. Holloway, Janesville,
aged 32 years.

September 21st Mrs. Kate M. Stevens, Janes-
ville, aged 52 years.

September 24th Edward Heller, Janesville,
aged 36 years.

THE WEATHER

REPORTED BY PRINCE & EVANSON, DRUGGISTS.
The thermometer at 6 o'clock last
evening stood at 56 degrees above; at 1
o'clock a. m. to-day at 51 degrees above;
at 7 o'clock a. m. at 50 degrees above, and
at 1 o'clock p. m. at 66 degrees above.

The indications to-day are, for the up-
per lake region, falling barometer, slight
rise in temperature, light local rains,
partly cloudy weather, and variable winds,
generally from south to west.

EAST SIDE MARKET

The arrangements are about completed
for opening a market place on the East
side of the river, the location being the
property on South Main street between
Milwaukee and Court streets, belonging to
E. H. Bennett, who has sold the lots
to C. B. Conrad. The piece of land
embraces four lots, making a total frontage
on Main street of 66 feet and running
through to Bluff street a distance of 264
feet, so that there will be an entrance on
Main street and also on Bluff street.
There will also be entrances by alleyways on the south and
north sides so that there will be in all
four places of ingress and egress. A
piece owned by D. Jeffris just south of
the property purchased will also be
trotted open for market use. C. B. Conrad
has the charge of the enterprise, and
the merchants have arranged with him
for having the place fitted up with all the
conveniences for a market place, where
those having wood, hay, stock, in fact
anything for sale, can find a stand. An
office is to be built 16x18 feet, with an
oak floor, and well fitted up. A
set of Fairbanks scales will be
put in, and it is expected that Giles
Fisher will take charge of the same.
Wood tickets will also be issued to those
who desire to have their loads measured
and certified to. It has also been de-
cided to set apart Wednesday of each
week as a special market day, at which
time all those having horses, cows, etc.,
to sell, will gather there. Stalls are to be
built for the accommodation of stock, and
water and other conveniences will be
provided for all. The plan is to have
the market place as large as possible,
and within two weeks all will be in readi-
ness for business.

ONE OF MRS. MACK'S LETTERS.

All of the documents presented by the

State in the trial of Mrs. Mack at Jeffer-
son, were published in the Gazette at the

time of the first trial, except the following,
which is alleged to have been written

by Mrs. Mack to the young man

Dowey, of Colorado, who formerly worked

on the Mack farm, and who claims to

have been quite intimate with Mrs. Mack
then:

BELOIT, March 6, 1877.—FRIEND CHAR-
LIS: Just received and read your letter
of the 19th. I presume you think by this
time that I did not intend to answer it.
Mack took your letter out of the office,
opened and read it and then gave it to me.
When he handed it to me he said, "Here is a
love letter for you." When I found it was from you I was surprised
that he ever gave it to me, and very
thankful there was nothing in it but anybody
might read. Can you think I don't care
how you are getting along? But I
don't suppose the thought of me entered
your mind. You didn't tell me how much
you had paid for your farm, and
where the buildings on it are. You say
next year you are going to work it
yourself. Are you going to keep your own home, or is
there to be a Mrs. Dewey? You say you
were in my neighborhood this winter,
and would like to come and see me. Well, Charlie, it was not my fault
you could not come to see me. Your own actions
brought that about. I felt very sorry
to have you go away in the way you did.
You didn't seem to care whether I lived
or died. Never a good-by or anything for
me. Well, Charlie, I am glad you are
getting over your Dutch, as we used to
call it. It will be better for yourself and
every one around you. I have a little
black-eyed girl. She is very pretty. We
have named her Beatrice Lillian. Her
mother is home for vacation. Gus and Gene
have sold their house in town and bought
three hundred acres, one hundred in wood.
Lily was married the 3d of March. Her mother is going
to live with her. My sister and brother-in-
law from California with their three
children, were here with us all last sum-
mer. Where are your folks, and how
came you to go away to Missouri to buy
farm? If your Dutch is all gone, you
will not get mad at what I have written
in this letter, and think me a liar, as you
called me last winter. As for forgetting me if I
could. But I think of you
and see you forty times
every day, and sometimes nights, too, and
think that is more than you can say of
me. Tom Hogan and another fellow
broke into Will Schulze's grainary and
stole forty bushels of wheat. I am not
very well; my back troubles me a good
deal. If you write me again, don't write
anything but that anyone can read. You
have improved very much in your writing.
I can read every word. May this
find you as it leaves me, with the best of
wishes for your welfare. Just as now,
and always. BONNIE W. MACK.

INSPECTION AND DANCE.

Last evening there was a large gathering
of ladies and gentlemen at Cannon's hall,
notwithstanding the unfavorable
frowns of skies and drizzling, weeping of
clouds. All seemed anxious not only to
join in the merry dance provided by the
Guards, but also to witness the inspection
and drill of that company. By half-
past eight o'clock the gallery was crowded
with spectators, and shortly after that
time the Guards came marching up from
the armory, and entered the hall under command of Captain
Smith. They presented a fine
appearance, and went through a company
drill, which excited praise from all
sides. Their rapidity and accuracy in
executing movements created much com-
mend, and increased the favorable opinion
already held by our citizens. After this
company drill, Lieutenant Glass put a
portion of the company through a fancy
bayonet drill, which was excellent.

FOR SALE !

At Gazette Counting Room,

A Beckford Knitting Machine

Which will be sold at a bargain.

TO JUSTICES OF THE PEACE

ELANIS for Justice's Return to County Board
in new and convenient form. GAZETTE PRINTING CO.

Sept. 23dawly

Quartermaster Tattershall. There were
only thirty-eight men to answer to roll
call, an unusually light number for
the Guards, who have many more
enrolled. At the close of the inspection,
Anderson's orchestra took their place, and the merry dance began.
A large number participated and all
seemed to enjoy the occasion heartily.
Shurtliff furnished an excellent supper,
and the reputation which the Guards
have gained by their former entertainments,
and which they fully sustained in
this.

Olaf me from the festive board, to the
my mother too.

And my secret sorrow shared, by thee,
and only thee.

No blame, no blame, my mother dear, do
I impute to you?

But since I like that currant tart, I don't
know what to do.

Best take Spring Blossom.

Sold by A. J. Roberts, and Croft & Sherer.

CALAMUS WINS AGAIN.

B. B. Eldredge's "Calamus" is covering
herself with glory this season. The latest
is the winning of the 2:30 race at St. Louis,
the details of the heats being given as
follows by the Republican of that city:

Summary—Purse, \$800—2:30 class; \$40 to
fourth, \$10 to fifth, \$5 to sixth, \$2.50 to
seventh.

B. B. Eldredge's b. m. Calamus.....1 1/2

Gus Gilson's b. m. Cincinnati Boy.....1 1/2